VOL. XXXIV--NO. 143.

WHEN INDICATIONS.

FOR SATURDAY,-Cloudy weather and occasional rain; variable winds, shifting to east and south: lower barometer, stationary temperature.

Our Subject To-Day is

All-Wool Pants

For Men, at \$2, \$2.50 and \$3,

In mixed Cheviots, Stripes and Plaid Cassimeres. These goods are just received, and combine a greater amount of style, with good, serviceable qualities, than any we have shown for some time. Call at the

Clothing Store,

Where all genuine bargains are found.

DISFIGURING HUMORS. ITCHING | Arm TORTURES AND LOATH-SOME SORES.

HAVETRIED for eleven years to have my wife cured of a terrible skin disease. The CUTICURA REMEDIES [Cuticura Resolvent, new Blood Purifier, internally, and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally] have done in six weeks what I have tried for eleven years to have done. You shall have the particulars as soon as I can give them to you, and as we are so well known in this part of the country, it will benefit you, and the remedies will cure all who use them.

CHAS, H. WHITE, Maysville, Ky.

BLOTCHES CURED. I'used your CUTICURA REMEDIES for Blotches and am completely cured, to my inexpressible joy. Cuticura Soap is the best I have ever used and to the profession it is invaluable for cleaning the skin, thereby removing all "cork" grease, paint, and all the stuff used by them, leaving the skin pure and white and soft. My greatest pleasare is in recommending such an article.

Champion Comique Roller Skater. Youngstown, Onio.

BEST FOR ANYTHING. Having used your Cuticura Remedies for eighteen menths for Tetter, and finally cured it, I am anxious to get it to sell on commission. I can recommend it beyond any remedies I have ever used for Tetter, Burns, Cuts, etc. In fact, it is the best medicine I have ever tried for anything. R. S. HORTON.

NEVER A COMPLAINT. Since I have been selling your Cuticura Reme-dies I have never heard a single complaint, but on the contrary every one who has used them has been well pleased with them, and they outself all others.

E. B. CUBBERLY, Druggist.

SCROFULOUS SORES.

I had a dozen bad sores on my body, and tried all remedies I could hear of, and at last tried your Cuticura Remedies, and they have cured me. JNO. GASKILL. Herron, Thayer County, Penn.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. Prices: CUTICURA, 50 cents, RESOLVENT, \$1. SOAP, 25 cents. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases." TAN, Sunburn, Pimples, Blackneads and Oily Skin, use the CUTICUEA SOAP.

7 O c for 25 lb, Sack White Rose Flour.

\$5 25 per bbl. for best Flour. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

6%c per lb. for Kingan's Shoulders.

25c for 3 lbs. choice Lard.

5c per lb. for choice Raisons. 5c per lb. for Peeled Peaches.
15c per lb. for choice Evaporated Peaches.
5c per lb. for New Turkish Prunes.
25c fer 2 cans Standard Table Pears.

25c for 3 cans Strawberries.
25c for 3 cans Best Corn.
City Solicitors—Edward Tompkins, Frank Bailey and Joseph Dunn. Send for Price List.

WILLIAMS

Telephone 675.

Norfolk or Bicycle in plain blue, fancy plaids, or the new close-fitting less of the question where the department Jersey Coats, the most popular garments of the season, in prices from \$5 to \$10, at the

Every Roller Skater or Bicycle Rider should supply himself with one of these cool and nobby coate.

Instructions to Postoffice Inspectors-Reduction in the Expenses of the New York Custom House.

The War in the Northwest Virfually Ended - Poundmaker Sends Letters Asking Terms.

INTERESTING NATIONAL NEWS.

S. Cox Qualifies for Duty-The Otee Indidne-Renewal of Postmasters' Bonds -Circulars to Inspectors, Etc.

Washington, May 22.-Hon. S. S. Cox, recently appointed United States Minister to Turkey, qualified at the Department of State tc-day. He will leave New York for his new post of duty about June 17.

Secretary Manning has called for the resignation of Major S. Willard Saxton, of Massachusetts, chief of a division of the First Comptroller's office. It is stated that Mr. Saxton will refuse to resign, on the ground that there are no charges whatever against him, either of inefficiency or offensive partisanship. It is understood that he will be given until June 15 to comply with the Secretary's request. Major Saxton was an officer in the army during the war, and is a brother of General Rutus Saxton of the United States

The President to-day appointed the following Collectors of Internal Revenue: William | use, are now being landed here daily from T. Bishops for the First District of Ohio, Ira Ellis for the First District of California.

The Olos Indian delegation had an interview with Assistant Secretary Mulirow today in regard to agency affairs. They made a request that their annuities be paid to them instead of goods that were not suitable for their purposes. The Assistant Secretary promised to examine the matter and to consult with Commissioner Atkins upon the

The Postmaster General has issued the following order relative to the renewal of Postmasters' bonds:

That whenever any Postmaster of the fourth class shall have remained in office for five years from the date of taking effect of his latest official bond, he shall execute a new bond in the manner and with sureties as required by law, upon notice

The Postmaster General to day appointed the following fourth class Postmasters in New York: N. S. Vedder, Walden Bridge; James O. Green, West Point Town; Joseph S. Weaver, Limepoint, in New Jersey; William S Naughright, Middle Valley; G. H. Baird, Banover.

The Chief Postoffice Inspector to-day addressed the following letter to a Postoflice Inspector concerning the institution of criminal proceedings for the violotion of the

SIR-I am in receipt of yours of the 18th Inst., the substance of which is a request to be informed as to what course the department desired pursued in cases where employes in the postal service are found violating the law, and more e pacially as to the proper course to pursue, where it is discovered that Postmasters are found to be short in their accounts by reason of the use postal or money order funds, for private purposes. In reply, I, have to inform you that your communication has been submitted to the Postmaster General who directs make that in the future all eraal, who directs me to say that in the future, all parties discovered by an inspector violating the law, the facts must be communicated to the United States District Attorney for the district in which the offense was committed, with a view to the immediate prosecution of the offenders, and in all cases the Inspector shall be guided by the advice of the District Attorney. Postmasters and others entrusted with the moneys of the department know, or if they do not they are unfit to hold any position, that to use the department funds for any private purposes is, under any c'rcumstances, a comminal offense, and in every instance when it is ascertained that the funds have been so used procecution should at once follow, and all the facts should be immediately reported, with a view to the prompt removal of the offender. It is no determined that the funds have been so used women in male attire. Twenty-one women and children from Bresaylor's tettlement are held as hostages. The part of the duty of an Inspector to determine whether or not an offender should be prosecuted. It is sufficient for him to know that an offense against the postal laws has been committed and his duty to take the proper steps to bring the o

The Secretary of the Treasury to day issued warrants for the payment of about \$5,000,000 on account of pensions. It is estimated the total payments on this account for the present month will amount to \$10,000,000. Secretary Manning says the records of the New York Custom House, on file at the

decided reduction in the expenses of conducting the business of that office. The pay roll for the month of October, 1384, amounted to \$256 000. The pay roll for the month of April 1885 amounted to \$244 000. The pay roll for the month of May, 1885, just received at the department, smounts to \$227,000, or \$17,900 less than for the month of April, \$29,000 less than for the month of last Oc

Quite a number of land entries were al lowed in Montana, the declarations and affidavits for which were executed before Deputy Clerk Webster, of the District Court. Webs er was appointed by the Clerk as Deputy for the sole purpose of taking proofs of land entries. The Land Office held that the laws of Montana did not recognize the ckets | appointment of an officer for that purpose. and hence the declarations and affidavits executed before him were invalid. Upon aspeal the Secretary of the Interior has reversed that decision, and holds that, regard was or was not legally entitled to hold that that office the Deputy Clerk defacto, and, as such the department would not question the authority by which he held that criice, and that it was not competent to inquire into the authority by which the officer exercised his functions.

Washington Items.

Special to the Sentinel. WASHINGTON, May 22 -The refusal of Secretary Lamar to-day to receive visitors was accepted as evidence of hard work in the matter of removals and appointments.

Mr. McDonald arrived this morning and took quarters at the Riggs. He hastily summoned a tonsorial artist, and when made presentatable his parlor was filled by anx. ions reporters. He greeted his guests with great cordiality, talked freely and put his company in splendid humor, and then agsured the scribes that he knew nothing-absolutely nothing of importance to say to the press. He was accompanied by Dr. Willorghby Walling, of Indianapolis. Mr. having been reached. It is expected that McDonald will leave Washington for Phila

to New York, having a law case that re-Quires the taking of evidence in the three

The Vice President departed this afternoon

Miss Cleveland to Publish a Book. WASHINGTON, May 22 -Miss Cleveland. who has been visiting friends in New York for some days past, returned to Washington to day. It is understood that Miss Cleve-land, whi e in New York, placed the manu-script of a book in the hands of a publisher, who will soon issue it. The name of the publisher and the title of the book have not yet been announced.

Obituary.

WASHINGTON, May 22.-Colonel Hunter Brooke, of Ohio, a clerk in the Adjutant General's office, died here this morning of pneumonia, after a brief illness. Colonel Brooks served as a staff officer during the war with Generals Robert L. McCook, Rosecrans and George H. Thomas.

THE NORTHWEST.

Poundmaker Wants to Make Terms of Peace-War Material-A Heavy Cyclone.

St. Paul, May 22.-The Dispa'c'l's Winnipeg special says Colonel Herchmer, at Battleford, has telegraphed to Inspector Norman, of the Manitoba police here, as folfows: All the teamsters taken by Poundmaker's Indians have been released, and he has sent in here asking for terms of peace.

QUEBEC, May 22 - Large quantities of war material, consisting mainly of field battery, guns and ammunition, including a full complement of guns for the Montreal Field Battery, sent out from England for Canadian arriving steamships and placed in the Citatel | and saying for the dying man: "Victor for use here, or conveyance west, as may be required. The gan taken to the North west by Battery A will, it is understood, be lett in some fort in the Saskacchewan for defense after the termination of the present cam-

Winnipeg, May 22 .- A heavy cyclone passed over the northwestern outskirts of the city yesterday afternoon, traveling eastwerd. It caused a great water-spont where it struck the river. Roofs were blown off of several houses and a few people were injured, but none killed so far as heard. A similar storm was seen at the same time to the southwest of the city, going in the same direction. It is not known what amount of damage was caused.

MONTREAL, May 22 - A telegram from the scene of the Northwest troubles states that Poundmaker has sent in a flag of truce asking on what terms he can surrender. He will give up the captured teamsters, two women and a priest.

News of Riel's Capture Scares the Indians. St. PAUL, Minn., May 22.- A Battleford dispatch, May 21, says: "At sunset to-night Father Cochin and twenty-five other prison. ers, bearing a white flag, arrived from Poundmaker's camp with a letter asking what terms his surrender be accepted. He wants reply in two days. He also sent messengers with similar letters to General Middleton. This action was caused by the arrival of four half breeds who reported the capture of Riel. The news created consternation in the Indian camp. The braves hiding their rifles and removing their war paint. A council was held and the result was the decision to sand in the priest and prisoners. It seems that Poundmaker was on his way to join Riel when met by the half-breed scouts. The letter was written at Poundmaker's dictation by Jefferson. the schoolmaster on the reserve. The prisoners sent in with Father Cochin include twenty teamsters, captured in Eagle Hills. women in male attire. Twenty-one dwarfs all other subjects, political as well as women and children from Bresaylor's social. teamsters say they were well treated by the half breeds who protected them with levelled rifles from the Indians who were threatening to kill them. Father Cochin returns to-morrow with a letter from Colonel Otter, stating that Poundmaker must negotiate with General Middleton, and meanwhile hostility must cease. Middleton is reported to day as having reached Prince Albert on the 19th instant."

Mr. Lothrop Indorsed by the Michigan Legislature.

LANSING, Mich., May 22.-Charges having been published in the New York Tribane and other newspapers against the character of George V. N. Lothrop in his connection with the case of the State of Michigan vs. the Phonix Bank in the New York Court of Apreals, the State House of Representatives to-day adopted by a unanimous and rlang vote the following concurrent resolutions offered by Mr. Davis (Rapublican), of Baraga: Resolved, the Senate concurrent, That the peo-p'e of Michigan, fully aware of the integrity, rec-titude and biameless tife of Hon. G. V. N. Loth-rop, United States Minister to Russia, feel that he needs no vindication in the community where he has lived so long, but inasmuch as he has been calumniated by strangers through a sensational and reckless press, the Legislature of Michigan, speaking for the State, desires to reiterate to the country its profound respect for Mr. Loturop its high estimate of his character and ability, and to spurn the aspersions which have been cast upon him, and to again congratulate the President and the people of the United States on an appointment which in so eminent a degree accraes to the honor and credit of the public and Government.

A Threatening Landslide.

PITTSBUEG, May 22.—The hillside, for a quarter of a mile along the Fort Wayne Road, ten miles from this city, is sliding at the rate of four feet an hour. Some ten or twelve houses and the railroad track itself are in danger of being pushed into the river before to morrow night. The Fort Wayne Company have a large force of men at werk but so far they have been unable to arrest the land slide, and they fear to-night it will be impossible to do so. The rains of to day have loosened the earth still farther, and the inmates of the houses are preparing to leave them for places of safety. The slide is very deep, not being merely from the surface. Trees are being moved, roots and all, and threaten demolition to all below.

A Satisfactory Settlement Expected. PITTSBURG, May 22 -The conference of the iron manufacturers and workmen adjourned to-night at 11 o'clock to meet again toto-morrows meeting will result in a satisdelphia on Sunday night, going from there I factory settlement of all differences.

AFFAIRS ABROAD.

The Death of Victor Hugo the All-Absorbing Topic in French Circles-Afghan Negotiations at a Standstill.

Indianapoliz Sentinel.

Mohammedan Fanaticism on the Upper Congo-The Defeat of Gladstone's Government Anticipated.

DEATH OF VICTOR HUGO.

France Will Spread Berself to Honor the Dead Poet and Most Illustrious Citizen.

Paris, May 22 - Victor Hugo died at half past 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The ministry will request the Chamber of Deputies to adjourn as a token of respect to the memory of the deceased.

It is reported that M. Hugo bequeathed his manuscript to France, and that he left it to the Republic to select a burial place for his remains and to decide as to the form of his with its valuable collection of ivery to Stan-

Victor Hugo's condition was so manifest y worse this morning that his death was reported as certain to take place in a few hours. When this fact became known, Cardinal Guidhert, the Archbishop of Paris, sent specially to Hugo's residence, offering to learned all he could, be raised a powerful visit him and administer spiritual aid and army and proceeded into the interior. The rey; the poet's son-in-law, who was in attendance at the death-bed when the Cardi nal's proffer came, reptied for Hugo, declining, with thanks, the Archbishop's tender, Bogo is expecting death, but does not desire the services of a priest.

The Government proposes a civil funeral for Victor Hugo at the expense of the State. The newspapers of Paris appear in moura ing this evening It is believed that the inneral will be the grandest te in in France for

The poet was sketched as he lay on his death bed, by the great painter Bonnet, who will transfer to canvas the impression

In the Senate, M. Leroyer delivered an eulogy on Hugo. The speaker said for the past sixty years Victor Hugo had been the admiration of France and the world. He had now entered immortality. His glory belonged to no party, bu, to all men.

Prime Minister Brisson delivered an eulogy in the Chamber of Deputies. He said the whole nation mourned the loss of Victor Hugo, and moved that the faneral be conducted at the State's expense. The motion was greated with applause.

The Senate and Chamber adjourned in respect to the death of Hugo. It is stated that M. Hugo passed through a

long and termible agony before death. It is proposed to inter the poet's remains in the Pantheon, and that the day of the funeral be declared a day of national mourning, on which all the Government offices, the schools and the theaters shall be closed.

The Death of Hugo Dwarfs Al! Other

Paris, May 22 - Victor Hugo passed away peacefully without suffering. His death has caused profound emotion in the capital. Tae residence of the deceased is surrounded by large crowds. M. Floquet, President of the Chamber of Deputies, has requested M. Atlain-Sarge, Minister of the laterior, to allow the coffin to be under the Arc de Triumphe for twenty four hours. The municipal council has expressed the wish that the remains be interred in the Pantheon. This wish will be considered by the Coun i of Ministers to morrow. The death of M Hogo

THE AFGHAN QUESTION.

The Correspondence Between Captain Yate and Colonel Zakrjewsky.

LONDON, May 22.-The correspondence which took place between Colonel Zakrjewsky, of General Komaroff's staff, and Captain Yate, of General Sir Peter Lumsden's | troops now station elat Massowah on the Red staff, respecting the Aighan situation at the time of the Penjdeh jucident, is now made public. It shows, among other things, that on the same day that Colonel Zakriewsky accepted Captain Yate's invitation to a collation, at which the situation of the opposing outposts was to be discussed, Genera' Komaroff sept an ultimatum to Naib Salar, the commander of the Afghan forces. This ordered Naib Salar to withdraw all his troops to the right bank of the Kushk River. The ultimatum concluded in these words: "There will be neither negotiations nor explanations on the subject. You are too intelligent and too sharp sighted to compel me to see to the fulfillment of this demand," Nait Salar replied that he had consulted with Captain Yate and was bound to obey the Ameer. General Komaroff rejoined, insisting that compliance with the terms of his ultimatum was necessary to preserve peace. He warned Naib Salar against heeding the empty couns is of others and concluded thus: "The choice between friendship and enmi yr sta with you." After the battle of Penjdeh, which followed this intercourse etween General Komaroff and Naib Salar, Captain Yate wrote to Colonel Zakrjewsky soliciting brote tion and offering the services of an English doctor.

A Son of Nana Sahib.

Paris, May 22 -La Republique Francaise announces that an Indian, the reputed son of Nana Sahib, is at present an officer in the Russian army, and that he is treated with princely honers.

The British Commission at Perwana Pass London, May 22 -The latest ad rices frem Meshed state that the Bottish Afghan Frontier Commission Lave marched toward Perwana Pass. Lear Herat.

Negotiations at a Starfstill. LONDON, May 22 - The Times says: "It is impossible to deny that the prevalent feeling of anxiety and uncertainty is still growing. From the scanty information given by the Ministers it is evident that we are at the beginning of the breach. There

are no signs of advance in the negotiations, but on the contrary there are ominous evidences of a standstill."

British officers have arrived at Herat. They were warmly welcomed by the inhabitants. The offiers report that the fortifications of Herat are stronger than they had

supposed they were. A battalion of engineers has arrived at Sebastapol and set to work examining the fortifications. The completion of the ironclads on the docks is being hastened.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

The Cupidity of the Upper Congo Inhabitants Excited by Stories of El Mahdi and the Ivory Field.

Paris, May 22 -The French Society Geographie has received news from the Upper Congo that the large Moham medan population inhabiting that region excited, probably by stories of El Mahdi's success, have resolved to assert their claims to the center of Africa. The immediate occasion of this extraordinary movement is said to have been the conduct of one of Henry M. Stanley's conveys guarding it, was commanded by an agent of the International African Associaleypcol and Vivi, the expedition proceeded, under the protection of a powerf il Ara chief named Tipu Taib, eastward to Rich Zanzibar, Tipu Taib had not known of the existence of the ivory field in the interior until he saw proofs of it in the rich stores gathered by this expedition, and as soon as he had discharged his task as escort and stories about El Mahdi and his expulsion of the English from the Soudan are supposed to have been carried so the turbulent Mobammedans by Tipu Taib, and it is feared that they may make it very difficult for the International African Association to carry out its projected work of establishing the free State of Congo.

Tipu Taib's army is exceedingly strong. Three thousand of his soldiers, it is said, are armed with modern rifles. This army, the report says is now advancing, making its way by pillage and massacre. The Arawina station has been sacked and destroyed. The pegroes who inhabited it fled in panic before the attack. Tipu Taib has proclaimed the Congo as territory belonging to the Sulfan of Zanzibar, and he has announced his intention to suppress all opposition to this cisim. The country around Lake Tangansaki is at present the center of the movement started by Tipu Taib, and it is thought that all the Mohammedan races living in the belt of territory running thence in both directions across the continent will be seized with the new fanaticism which promises such wealth and power to them.

Absence of Cabinet Ministers,

LONDON, May 22 .- A great deal of comment was caused by the absence from their places on the opening of the House of Commons this afternoon, of three members of the Cabinet who were expected to answer certain questions on the paper. These Min-Board of Trade; Mr. Treveleyan, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Sir Charles Dilke, President of the local government.

Italian Troops to Kemaia in the Soudan. Rome, May 22.- In Government circles it is denied that Italy has any intention of evacuating the Soudan, because of the prevalence of typhus fever among the Italian troops at Massowah. It is also denied that Italy intends to relinquish her colonial policy. It is asserted by the Government that the stories about excessive mortality among the troops at Massowah are false.

Lack of Dock Facilities.

LONDON, May 22.-It is estimated that, owing to the lack of dock facilities at Suakim, it would take until November next to unload all of the Berber Railway plant now lying in transports off Suskim. The adn iralty are therefore debating the advis :bility of ordering the transports home with the plant, in order to save tonnage. It is expected that no more than 3,500 troops will be left at Suakim.

Italian Troops at Massowah. Rome, May 22.—The number of deaths to hold the party in line. from typhoid is increasing among the Italian S.a. The Italian press urge the recall of the

Memorial Day at Norfolk. NORFOLK, Va., May 22 - Despite the rain which fell all day the memorial services at Portsmouth this afterneon were attended by an immense throng. The weather prevented the military and civil processions, but the graves of the Confederate and Federal dead

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

in the various cemeteries were profusely

decorated with flawers.

Ex President Arthur and Cyrus W. Field called upon General Grant yesterday. In a saloon brawl Wednesday night Fred Goldstrohm fatally shot Isaac Cook, a young

colored man. Goldstrohm was arrested. A military courier from Fort Bowie brings intermation that the Apaches killed two min at Eagle Creek Tuesday night.

Reports have reached Daming, N. Mex, that Apaches killed four miners at Alma, a small mining camp on the Frisco River. Professor Samuel Jones, Professor Emeretus of Physics and Chemistry in Washington and Jefferson College, died at an early hour

yesterday morning. The total imports of dry goods at the port of New York during the past week were valued at \$1,490,588, and the amount thereon on the market at \$1,568 753,

The Pennsylvania Senate yesterday pust d priating \$5.000 for the establishment of a temporar, hospital at Plymouth.

men from Oil City have leased over 1,000 acres of territory near Greenshoro, bordering on the old Dankard oil field, and they will pot down a test well at once.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 23. For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee-Cloudy weather and occasional rain, variable winds shifting to east and south, rower barometer,

stationary temperature. For the Upper Lake Region-Partly cloudy weather and occasional rains, winds generally from east to south, lower baremeter, stationary temperature.

GOSSIP.

One by One the Roses Fall, but the Methods of the Appointing Power Almost Exasperatingly Slow.

Saying Things Behind His Back, but No Disposition to Scold President Cleveland to His Face.

Civil Service Reform-What Relation has the Distance to the Moon to the Route Between Kankakee and Kokomo? -Who Will Care for Logan Now?

[Special Correspondence to the Sentinel.] Washington, May 21 -"To save my life, sir, I could not marshal a charge against your work as a clerk; you are prompt, constant and accurate, and as a matter of fact I did not know that there were objections to you in any quarter. The notice of your dismissal could have surprised no one more then myself. But I understand that you are an accomplished Republican journalist. This is a Democratic administration, and I presume it recognized the embarrassment that retention in office necessarily imposes on gentlemen of your politics and profession. Out of position you can diticise the Government without danger of doing violence to your obligations as an officer. Your record in the department is most excellent."

This is something like the explanation made by Calonel John S. Williams to a department clerk who had received his walking papers.

One by one the roses fall, but the methods of the appointing power are almost exasperatingly slow to a party that feels called and elected to inherit the earth. The tranquility of the visiting statesmen from Indiana patiently waiting, is a fortification sgainst the derisive laughter of the wicked in high places.

"I have seen the wicked in great power, and spreading himself like a green bay tree. "Yet he passed away, and he was not; yea, I sought him, but he could not be found."

Senator Eustis, thus far, seems to stand entirely alone. His declaration to antagonize the administration of President Cleveland is certainly meeting with no eacouragement from Democrats of acknowledged prominence. When a stray ramark betokening dissatisfaction with the President's methods gets into print the statesman represented as hostile loses no time in setting himself right.

What he is willing to ackn owledge as the truth, the whole trath and nothing but the truth concerning his heart's history, expresses confidence, fall and complete, in Presidential wisd,m. Even the conference of Democrats, composed largely of United States Senators and Congressmen and the Governors of Democratic States, which met in this city to arraign the President for infidelity to party obligations in the matter of removals, was wanting in sand when the time came. At what they had said in the beat of discussion they were frightened. Revelations of their utterances in cold type appalled them. With a "Thou-canst notsay I did it" they set about the work of suppression. Their last work was to avow themselves the President's most ardent friends

and obsequious supporters. The Democrats realize, I suppose, that the question of patronage assomething on which the party can not afford to buck with its President. A strong argument in favor of Mr. Cleveland's policy is fidelity as President to declarations and promises made while a candidate for the Presidency. This being true, while disappointed men may growl behind his back. their intelligence restrains then from scolding him to his face. The conviction of Democrate of obligations to the Independent Republicans concerning the civil service law is holding, and will continue

A prominent gentleman said to me to-

The "scholar in politics" idea is not getting much of a beom through the civil service act, for although Grover Cleveland has been President now for about three months, not over ten appointments have been made under the "snivel" service act, as it has been called by Senator Voorbees. I. of course, refer to the departmental service, in which there are over 14 (00 positions coming under civil service regulations. As the small sum of \$28,000 was appropriated by Congress to keep these literary 'fellers' -the civil service commission-ranging for one year it will be seen that it has cost the country about \$700 per head for the appointments slready made. Last year there were 1,800 appointments made of those who had passed the civil service examinations; these cost the country just \$150 per head. One of the arguments advanced by the friends of the act was that it would be a great been to women, that they would be given the same show as the men if once these positions were removed from the control of politicians, but this is the way it worked last year: Of the 956 men who passed examinations 391 were appointed to positions, while of the 373 women who passed but forty seven were appointed.

In the departments they have matters down to such a fine point that each clerk from the beginning of one year to the ending thereof has but one duty to do. For instance, there is in the Postoffice Department an \$1,800 clerk, who until last fall was enpposed to carry the Republican vote of a northern county in Indiana in his vest pocket. He was for years Treasurer of that county, was a man of parts; in fact he knew everything-in his mind. Well, all he doss is to fill out blank vouchers by writing in the name of the postmaster. Another clerk from a list made by still another clerk completes said voucher by writing in the amount due said postmaster, which amount has been determined by still another clerk. Yet if this ex-Treasurer was now an applicant for the same position he would be asked, "What is fire?" "If a straight line should be drawn from New York City to New Orleans what States would it touch?" and fifty similar questions, as far as the practical value are concerned regarding the work he is really doing, and yet I know young ladies who work hard for onefifth this clerk's salary who can write as good a hand, and fill out three times the